THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, June 22, 1864.

D. I. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, in Advance; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40—No. 25. Beaver, Wednesday, June 22, 1864. Established 1818

LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!

Third Arrival of Spring Goods.

Any information for every body free of charge.

Just Opened

at Fortune's New Store

IN ROCHESTER, PA.

2 cases best Make fast color calico at 18¢

1 case 4 fine bleached muslin at 15

LAWNS,

CHALLIS,

VELOURS,

SHEPARD'S PLAIDS,

DELAINES,

And a full line of Plain Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods.

Cheaper than ever.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

Lacing Congress Gaiters,
" Balmoral "
Morocco " Boots

And a large assortment of children's shoes, very cheap.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RUCHES and RIBBONS in

GREAT VARIETY.

Men and boys' Hats and Caps. Sun Umbrellas.

Silk, Cotton or French Gingham

And a large assortment of

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS opening WEEKLY.

Give us a call before buying and examine our stock and prices.

All goods Warranted to give satisfaction.

Remember the Place

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

In The Diamond

OF

ROCHESTER, PA.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the post Office at Beaver, Pa., May 31, 1864

Birks John	M'Cabe Mrs Saml
Christy John S	M'Bride A D
Cunningham J	Neill Thos
Cumming J	Parkison Wm
Crawford Wm H 2	Patten D
Crawford Eliza	Ransen Thad
Graham Thomas	Smith Wm
Hays Mary	Shane Emily
Hays Maggie E	Smith Susan
Hoffman Jas	Thompson Wm 2
Inman Nelson	Walbert George
Johnson R H	Weiler C
Johns B E	Wortman Annie

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J ANDERSON, P. M.

Office Hours, from 7 a. m. to 6½ p. m.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., June 1st, 1864.

Eben Benj E	Mellon Jackson
Boyle Wm	Mayer Rebecca
Brown Marg't J	Miller Mrs George
Sargy Christian 2	Mitchell David
Bent John	Powell Sarah J
Ferguson J G	Rhodes John
Hubbard Minnie	Stafford Jos D
Hookor H E & co	Smith Miss Ellen
Hartman Andrew	Smith Miss Sophia
Hamilton Pearson	Stewart R N, 2
Johnson A A, 2	Scott John C
Jungert George	Wintersgill John
Marquis George A	Whetsler Henry, 2
Matthews Miss C L	

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

☞ Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.

FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

EPH'M SMITH.

jan13

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing, Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains Leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:50 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" "	3:50 P. M.
6:54 P. M.	" "	8:05 P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
3:50 P. M.	" "	5:20 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	Rochester	2:20 P. M.
1:00 A. M.	"	2:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—Going East.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	6:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:33 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
New Castle "	3:05 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:10 P. M.	3:20 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
1st brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	4:40 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
4th " "	6:50 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	6:30 A. M.	8:05 A. M.
1st Express,	1:20 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

WM. P. SHINN, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

New Brighton, May 4th, 1864.

RESOURCES:

Notes and bills discounted, active	$63,270 46
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds.	95,150 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes.	4,850 00
U. S. 5 per cent. legal tender	269 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958 95
Due from other banks	26,917 57
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	25,361 87
Coin in vault	5,164 37
Protest account	1 41
	$242,774 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,400 00
Notes in circulation	920 00
Due depositors	117,091 77
Due the Commonwealth	1,888 49
Contingent funds	2,303 85
Dividends unpaid	5,170 52
	$242,774 63

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOUSE, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 5th day of May, A. D. 1864.

T. M. McCORD, Notary Public.

DR. GEO. CLEIS

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.

His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present, where he can be consulted at any time, Wednesdays excepted; which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.

Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing—all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec28:4t

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN

The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of dec15] the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public.

☞ Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of BEAVER AND VICINITY and solicits a share of public patronage.

OFFICE IN

Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.

dec16.'63

T. J. CHANDLER,

SURGEON DENTIST,

IS at his post again, at BEAVER STATION, Rochester Pa., where he will attend to all its various branches of his profession. He applies all the improved methods to prevent pain in extracting teeth.

P. S Work warranted. [jan13'64

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an

ICE CREAM SALOON,

in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

may25.'65 FRED'K. WALTERS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOANNAH DUNCAN, dec'd, late of Frankfort Springs, Beaver co., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES MORRISON, Executor.

may25'64—6w.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of ROBERT BROWN, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BROWN, Executor.

jn8,64. Economyip.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE.

ADAM JOHNSON, PROP'R

ROCHESTER, PA.

A Sketch of the Life and Services of Andrew Johnson of Tenn.

Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, was born in Raleigh, North Carolina, December 29th, 1808. When he was four years of age he lost his father, who died from the effects of exertions to save a friend from drowning. At the age of ten he was apprenticed to a tailor in his native city, with whom he served seven years. His mother was unable to afford him any educational advantages, and he never attended school a day in his life.

While learning his trade, however, he resolved to make an effort to educate himself. His anxiety to be able to read was particularly excited by an incident which is worthy of mention. A gentleman of Raleigh was in the habit of going into the tailor's shop, and reading while the apprentice and journeymen were at work. He was an excellent reader, and his favorite book was a volume of speeches, principally of British statesmen. Johnson became interested, and his first ambition was to equal him as a reader, and become familiar with those speeches. He took up the alphabet without an instructor, but by applying to the journeymen with whom he worked he obtained a little assistance.

Having acquired a knowledge of the letters, he applied for the loan of the book which he had so often heard read. The owner made him a present of it, and gave him some instructions on the use of letters in the formation of words. Thus his first exercises in spelling were in that book. By perseverance he soon learned to read, and the hours which he devoted to his education were at night after he was through his daily labor upon the shop board. He now applied himself to books from two to three hours every night, after working from ten to twelve hours at his trade.

Having completed his apprenticeship in the autumn of 1824, he went to Laurens Court House, S. C., where he worked as a journeyman for nearly two years. There he became engaged to be married, but the match was broken off by the violent opposition of the girl's mother and friends, the ground of the objection being Mr. Johnson's youth and want of pecuniary means. In May, 1824, he returned to Raleigh, where he procured journey work, and remained until September. He then set out to seek his fortune in the West, carrying with him his mother, who was dependent on him for support. He stopped at Greenville, Tenn., and commenced work as a journeyman. He remained there about twelve months, married, and soon afterward went still further westward; but failing to find a suitable place to settle, he returned to Greenville, and commenced business there.

Up to this time his education was limited to reading, as he had never had an opportunity of learning to write or cipher, but under the instructions of his wife he learned these and other branches. The only time, however, he could devote to them was in the dead hour of night. The first office which he ever held was that of Alderman of the village, to which he was elected in 1828. He was re-elected to the same position in 1829, and again in 1830. In that year he was chosen Mayor, which position he held for three years.

In 1835 he was elected to the Legislature. In the session of that year he took decided ground against a scheme of internal improvements, which he contended would not only prove a failure, but entail upon the State a burdensome debt. The measure was popular, however, and at the next election (1837) he was defeated. He became a candidate again in 1839. By this time many of the evils he had predicted from the internal improvement policy which he had opposed four years previous were fully demonstrated, and he was elected by a large majority.

In 1840 he served as Presidential elector for the State at large, on the Democratic ticket. He canvassed a large portion of the State, meeting upon the stump several of the leading Whig orators. In 1841 he was elected to the State Senate. In 1843 he was elected to Congress, where, by successive elections, he served until 1853. During this period of service he was conspicuous and active in advocating, respectively, the bill for refunding the fine imposed upon General Jackson at New Orleans in 1846, the warm measure of [illegible] administration, and a home[illegible]

In 1853 he was elected [illegible] of Tennessee, after an exc[illegible] in which he was opposed [illegible] A Henry. He was re-el[illegible] 1855; after an active contest b[illegible] Meredith P. Gentry. [illegible] expiration of his second period [illegible] Governor in 1857, he was elected [illegible] Senator for a full term, ending [illegible] 1863.

Ever since the outbreak [illegible] the rebellion, Gov. Johnson has been the stern and uncompromising enemy of the slave oligarchists. [illegible] Senator of the United States, as Executive [illegible] of the Union, and for [illegible] many months past as Military Governor of his own State, he has valiantly and efficiently wrought in our holy cause, and scored his name high among the earnest workers on behalf of the imperilled Republic.

Dr. Breckinridge.

The presence (says the N. Y. *Tribune*,) of the Rev. Dr. Breckinridge in the Republican Convention was of itself an important and suggestive fact; but the speech which he made, excellently cogent in its style, was still more remarkable, coming, as it did from a Southern clergyman, and like the fine logic with which Breckinridge exhibited the criminal absurdity of seeking [illegible] through rebellion, under a Constitution affording every facility for [illegible] righteous change. But we like better to hear from such a source the declaration that "the whole power of the Government both of peace and war" should be used "to extinguish Slavery." "I unite myself," said Dr. Breckinridge, "with those who believe that Slavery is contrary to the highest interest of all men and of all government, contrary to spirit of all Christian religion, and incompatible with the natural rights of man." These words, earnest and explicit as the are, have a double value, proceeding as they do from a leading clergyman of a Slave State, who knows the evils and the wickedness of Slavery. Here is a preacher who knows quite as much of the Bible argument for Slavery as any Northern Doctor of Divinity. Here is a man who could talk with a certain degree of authority about the cursed condition of Canaan. Here is a man who has some temptation to tumble into a slough of dialectics. Instead of doing so, he says plainly—Slavery is wicked—is contrary to the spirit of Christianity—incompatible with the natural rights of man. Contrast this with the stuttering of some Northern Divinity Doctor, who never owned a slave, whose relatives never owned slaves; who, is yet so in love with the system of Human bondage, that he preaches long sermons in its defense, puts out thick books and thin books with the same purpose, rubs up his Hebrew, if he ever had enough to bear rubbing up, and makes wild guesses at the meaning of Greek words in the same desperate enterprise! Of course, the time is coming, and will soon be here, when he will be thoroughly ashamed of himself!

Gone to Their Last Home.

A correspondent of the Boston *Journal* writes on affecting letter from Fredericksburg, from which we take the following extract:

"There was a sound of the pick and spade in the church-yard, and heaving up of new earth—a digging of trenches not for defence against the enemy—but the preparation of the last resting-place of departed heroes. There they lie—a dozen of them—each wrapped in his blanket—the last bivouac! For them there is no more war—no charges into into the thick, leaden raindrops—no more hurrahs—no more cheering of the dear old flag, bearing it on to victory. They have fallen, but the victory is theirs—theirs the roll of eternal honor. One by one—side by side—men from Massachusetts, and from Pennsylvania, and from Wisconsin—from all the States resting in one common grave. Peace to them—blessings on those whom they have left behind!"

"Old Abe's" Choice.—A gentleman in conversation remarked to President Lincoln that nothing could defeat him but Grant's *capture of Richmond*, to be followed by his nomination at Chicago and acceptance. "Well," said the President, "I feel very much like the man who had he didn't want to die particularly, but if he had to die, that was precisely the disease he would like to died."

How Men Act in Battle.

A letter from a soldier makes the following interesting comments on the manner in which battles are fought, and explaining why it is that after a terrible conflict, of perhaps hours in duration, there should be so small a proportion of killed and wounded:

If you were never in battle you would not guess there were half the random shots fired that they are.—Why, sir, I have seen whole regiments and brigades deliver their fire when I was sure that they did not wound even a single man. Such firing, besides the wasting of ammunition, does not intimidate the enemy at all: on the other hand it makes them feel that there is but little danger, consequently he is more bold, and delivers his fire more accurately. Besides: if men are allowed to make these discharges it seems to become a habit, and they become so excited at it that they would oftener miss a man at ten paces than they would hit him. Just in that way battles are often lost, while the company commander, if he would only stop it and tell them that they were doing no good, they would soon become collected, and after they once knew their folly, would of their own accord fire deliberately, and probably save the day after it had been comparatively lost.

Why, sir, in battle you often see company commanders charging around with their swords flourishing above their heads, crying out, "give it to them, boys, give it to them!" manifesting in themselves, and creating in the others, all the excitement possible. Now a second thought would show their better judgment, they are doing more harm than good, for men become so excited under such circumstances that they would miss an elephant at ten steps. You often see the above blustering around when the enemy are, at least, a distance of one thousand yards off, and to hear the commanders cry, and the excited they would come to a hand to hand contest. What is it that excites a man in battle? Why, it is the danger. If you shoot a man once, he is very much excited; shoot at a man a hundred times and miss him, and all his fear and excitement is gone; but reserve your fire until you can do some execution, and when they come, fire into them, cut his clothes, wound his neighbor, kill the second man from him, and let him see it, and the day will be won.

The Case Stated.

The following dialogue, says the Louisville *Union Press*, really took place in that city on Friday last between an unconditional Union man and a M'Clellan Copperhead. The two had just read the noon dispatches, giving an account of the successes of the army under Grant:

Union Man—Well, what do you think of the news?

Copperhead—I don't believe it; there is nothing official; I must wait for authentic information.

Union Man—Suppose the news to come as you wish—that Lee had repulsed Grant and driven him back to the intrenchments of Washington; that Johnston had whipped Sherman and driven him back beyond Chattanooga—what chance do you think Lincoln would have in the pending Presidential election race?

Copperhead—None whatever. McClellan would then carry almost every State.

Union Man—But suppose the opposite—that Grant whips Lee and captures Richmond; that Sherman whips Johnston and occupies Mariatta and Atlanta, and that these two armies are marching forward victoriously, what then will be the result of the Presidential contest?

Copperhead—In that event Lincoln would be easily elected.

Union Man—Then you confess you belong to a party whose candidate has no chance of an election except in the defeat and overthrow of the armies of the nation. That you so desire, I have every reason to believe; but that the unsophisticated millions who claim to be true patriots will unite themselves with a party that can only succeed in the event the country is humiliated by defeat, and disgraced by conquest, passes my comprehension.

And thus the dialogue closed; not another word did the copperhead utter.

Resolutions of the Baltimore Convention.

The following are the resolutions adopted by the late National Union Convention, at Baltimore.

Resolved, That it is the highest duty of every American citizen to maintain against all their enemies the integrity of the Union and the paramount authority of the Constitution and laws of the United States; and that, laying aside all difference and political opinions, we pledge ourselves, and aiming at a common object, to do everything in our power to aid the Government in quelling by force of arms the rebellion now raging against its authority, and in bringing the punishment due to their crimes the the Rebels and traitors arrayed against it.

Resolved, That we approve of the determination of the Government of the United States not to compromise with the Rebels, or to offer any terms of peace, except such as may be based upon an unconditional surrender of their hostility and a return to their just allegiance to the Constitution and laws of the United States, and that we call upon the Government to maintain this position, and to prosecute the war with the utmost possible vigor to the complete suppression of the rebellion, in the full reliance in the self-sacrificing patriotism and heroic valor and the undying devotion of the American people to their country and its free institutions.

Resolved, That as Slavery was the cause, and now constitutes the strength, of this rebellion, and as it must be, always and everywhere, hostile to the principles of Republican Government, justice and the National safety demand its utter and complete extirpation from the soil of the Republic. And that while we uphold and maintain the acts and proclamations by which the Government in its own defence, has aimed a death blow at this gigantic evil, we are in favor furthermore of such an amendment to the Constitution, to be made by the people in conformity with its provisions, as shall terminate and for ever prohibit the existence of Slavery within the limits or jurisdiction of the United States.

Resolved, That the thanks of the American people are due to the soldiers and sailors of the Army and Navy, who have periled their lives in defence of the honor of the flag; that the nation owes to them some permanent recognition of their patriotism and their valor, and ample and permanent provisions for those of their survivors who have received disabling and honorable wounds in service of the country; and that the memories of those who have fallen in its defence shall be held in grateful and everlasting remembrance.

Resolved, That we approve and applaud the practical wisdom, the unselfish patriotism and the unswerving fidelitiy to the Constitution and the principles of American liberty with which Abraham Lincoln has discharged, under circumstance of unparalleled difficulty, the great duties and responsibilities of the Presidential office; that we approve and endorse, as demanded by the emergency and essential to the preservation of the nation and within the provisions of the Constitution, the measures and acts which he has adopted to defend the nation against its open and secret foes; that we approve especially the Proclamation of Emancipation, and the employment as Union soldiers of men heretofore held in Slavery; and that we have full confidence in his determination to carry out these and all other Constitutional measures essential to the salvation of the country with full and complete effect.

Resolved, That we deem it essential to the general welfare that harmony should prevail in the National Councils, and we regard as worthy of public confidence and official trust those only who cordially endorse the principles proclaimed in these resolutions and which should characterize the administration of the Government.

Resolved, That the Government owes to all men employed in its armies, without regard to distinction of color, the full protection of the laws of war—and that any violation of these laws or the usage of civilizations in time of war, by the rebels now in arms, should be made the subject of prompt and full redress.

Resolved, That foreign immigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth, development of resources and increase of power to this nation, the asylum of the oppressed of all nations, should be fostered and encouraged by a liberal and just policy.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the speedy construction of the railroad to the Pacific.

Resolved, That the National faith, pledged for the redemption of the public debt, must be kept inviolate, and that for this purpose we recommend economy and rigid responsibility in the public expenditures, and a vigorous and just system of taxation; that it is the duty of every loyal State to sustain the credit and promote the use of the National currency.

Resolved, That we approve the position taken by the Government that the people of the United States can never regard with indifferedce the attempt of any European Power to overthrow by force or to supplant by fraud the institutions of any Republican Government on the Western continent—and that they will view with extreme jealousy, as menacing to the peace and independence of their own country, the efforts of any such power to obtain new footholds for Monarchial Governments, sustained by foreign military force, in near proximity to the United States.

The resolutions were unanimously adoped, and the Convention, after some further unimportant business, adjourned with nine hearty cheers for Lincoln and Johnson.

The Broken Hearted.

George D. Prentice is, perhaps, best known as a wit, punster, and political writer. But from his facile pen flow also the sentimental and the beautiful. Some years have passed since we laid aside his description of life "broken-hearted," but it has lost neither its freshness nor beauty:—

"About two years ago I took up my residence for a few weeks in a country village in the eastern part of New England. Soon after my arrival I became acquainted with a young lady, apparently about seventeen years of age. She had lost the idol of her heart's purest love, and the shadows of deep and holy memories were resting like the wing of death upon her brow.

I first met her in the presence of the mirthful. She was, indeed, a creature to be admired; her brow was garlanded by the young-year's sweetest flowers, and her sunny tresses were flung beautifully and full low upon her bosom, and she moved through the crowd with such floating, unearthly grace, that the bewildered gazer looked almost to see her fade away into the air, like the creation of a pleasant dream. She seemed cheerful and even gay, yet I saw her gayety was but the mockery of her feelings. She smiled, but there was something in her smile which told that its mournful beauty was but the bright reflection of a tear, and her eye-lids at times pressed heavily down, as if struggling to repress the tide or agony that was bursting up from her heart's secret urn. She looked as if she could have left the scene of festivity and mirth, and cast herself down upon the fresh green earth, and poured out her stricken soul gush after gush, till it mingled with the eternal fountain of purity and life.

I have lately heard that the young lady of whom I have spoken is dead. The close of her life was calm as the falling of a quiet stream, gentle as the sinking of the breeze that lingers for a time round a bed of withered roses, and then dies for very sweetness.

It cannot be that earth is man's only abiding place. It cannot be that our life is a bubble cast up by the ocean of eternity, to float a moment upon its surface, and then sink into nothingness and darkness forever.—Else why is it that the high aspirations which leap like angles from our heart, are forever wandering abroad unsatisfied? Why is it that the rainbow and the cloud come over us with a beauty that is not of earth, and then pass on and leave us to muse on their faded loveliness? Why is it that the stars which hold their festivals around the midnight throne are set above the grasp of our baited faculties, and forever mocking us with their unapproachable glory? And finally, why is it that bright forms of human beauty are presented to the view and then taken from us, leaving the thousand streams of the affections to flow back in an Alpine torrent upon our hearts?

We are born for higher destiny than that of earth. There is a realm where the rainbow never fades, where the stars will spread out before us like the islands that slumber on the ocean, and where the beautiful beings that here pass before us like visions will stay in our presence forever.

☞ The Radical Germans of Chicago have published a protest against the late Cleveland Convention—or rather against the delegates thereto from Chicago, who were not elected by a majority of the Association.—They declare themselves for the nominee of the Baltimore Convention, and will discountenance every effort to divide the Union party.

☞ The New York *News*, a leading Democratic paper, thus completely justifies the slaveholder's rebellion: "No sensible man can deny that the cause of the Confederate States, in present contest, is much stronger, and their rights less questionable, than were those of the thirteenth colonies in their contest with their mother country."

☞ An enterprising but ignorant South American has sent to an Albany locomotive shop for one hundred "cow-catchers." He expects to use them in taking wild cattle on the plains of Para, say, in place of the lasso.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per square for three weeks; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and to long advertisements.

A square equal to twelve lines of this type measured in a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. additional to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, June 22, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

National Union Nominations.

For President,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold to D. L. Imbrie, present Editor & Proprietor of the Beaver *Argus*, my accounts for Subscription, Advertising, &c., all those indebted will please call and settle with him. T. C. NICHOLSON.

Beaver County Fair.

THE FAIR OF THE BEAVER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held in the Fair Grounds, near Beaver, on

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Sept. 21st, 22d and 23d, 1864.

Competition is invited from adjoining counties.

Union State Central Committee.

The members of the Union State Central Committee will assemble in the city of Harrisburg on the 6th day of July, ensuing. A punctual attendance of all the members is earnestly requested in order to effect a thorough organization.

SIMON CAMERON, *Ch'n.*
WIEN FORNEY, *Sec'y.*

Supper for the Benefit of the Christian Commission

A spleddid supper was given at the "Beaver Hotel," on Thursday evening last, for the benefit of the Christian Commission. It was a great success in every respect, and was, altogether the pleasantest affair that has occurred in the Borough for a long time. Nearly two hundred dollars was realized, and after deducting expenses there is still left over one hundred and fifty dollars to be applied to the alleviation of the wants and sufferings of our wounded and sick soldiers. Mr. Hall and his family deserve great credit for the part they took in the matter. They not only gave their house freely, but labored night and day in making preparations, besides contributing largely. It would be impossible for us to give the names of all those who deserve notice for their zeal, energy and generosity. The ladies undertook the matter with their accustomed spirit and devotion sparing neither time, labor or expense. We visited the rooms in the evening before the assembling of the guests, and was surprised at the contributions. The families in the Borough and a number of families in the country, had contributed everything that was required or could be procured, in great abundance. The tables—using a familiar expression—groaned beneath their weight of substantials and delicacies. The dining room was tastefully ornamented, and over the table, in large letters, hung the motto "The Soldiers' Friends." God bless the ladies! for they are the true friends of the soldiers. What a debt of gratitude the nation and its its defenders owes to the ladies for their thoughtful care and untiring, unremitting labor! Instead of one, we have have thousands of Florence Nightengales in the land, who, by day and by night, labor devotedly for the good of the nation's supporters and defenders. Thousands living, saved through their instrumentality, and thousands, though dead, speak their praise because of their tenderness and care. Never was there any war so completely robbed of its attendant miseries as this has been.

To the ladies, acting with and through the Sanitary and Christian Commissions the praise belongs. Next to the ladies, the ministers, among whom we notice Dr. M'Lean, Rev. Lowrie, Rev. Shields and Revs. W. G. and R. T. Taylor, were the most active. A great many others—in fact, most all of our citizens were enlisted and active in furthering the good cause. We cannot refrain from noticing Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Clacey and Misses Leslie, Thornley, Agnew, Anderson, M'Lean, and Spencer, who were the most active of the ladies, and deserve special mention and commendation. We bid all who engage in this work, God speed! It is a noble work, and all who love our country and its noble defenders, all who have a feeling for the suffering and a desire for their temporal and spiritual good, will remember, with gratitude, their labors.

PROV. MAR. OFFICE, 24TH DIST. PENN.
New Brighton, June 6th, 1864

Circular No. 59.

Drafted men are not allowed to enlist as Volunteers, after being drafted, and the credits for drafted men will remain for the sub-districts from which they were drafted, no matter whether local bounty has, or has not been paid to such men upon illegal enlistments. By order of

Lieut. Col. J. Y. POMPOUS,
A. A. P. M. Gen'l of Penn'a
JNO CUTHBERTSON
Capt. & Pro Mar. 24th Dist. Pa.

Gen. Grant's Grand Movement.

The plans adopted by Gen. Grant are altogether different from our other Generals who have commanded the Army of the Potomac, in Virginia. It is true we had some brave and able men in command of that splendid Army, but never until he was placed in command did the army ever penetrate beyond the line of the Rapidan. In the short space of about three weeks, he has turned every position of the rebels. He has been victorious in almost every battle, and compelled Lee to abandon all his positions which were of great strength, and placed the Union army in front of the rebel Capitol. The great object of Grant was not merely to reach Richmond, as was the object of McClellan, but to fight the rebel army, and if possible to defeat it in one general engagement. It is not true, as some imagine, that his splendid movements only bro't him to the ground which was reached by McClellan, by the Peninsular. It was a plan of the present campaign, that if he could not draw Lee out of his strong position and fight fairly in the field, to reach Richmond by way of the Peninsular. Grant has successfully and rapidly moved his army through Central Virginia, fighting great battles, inflicting heavy loss upon the enemy and continually driving him into his defences immediately around Richmond. He has proved the power of his noble army, which has not and never had its superior in the world. He has also proved the soundness of his military and strategic views, by accomplishing what the rebels, from the very beginning of the war, boasted never could be done.—The campaign now seems to be most extraordinary. For the first time during the war, Richmond is to be attacked from the South. The James river has been crossed without opposition, by the grand Army of the Potomac. Petersburg will soon been be in our possession. All the Railroads running south except one are destroyed, and the entire military situation is literally revolutionized.

The movement is a bold one, but it is by prudent and cautious boldness and daring that Grant has soon all his brilliant victories. It is said that Richmond is fortified impregnably on te East and North, but Grant has not sacrificed either men or time in assaulting it from the East or North.—He has tried the defences of Richmond before which M'Clellan remained quietly for many weeks, and refusing one of the mightiest forts on the continent, while he must with more certainty of success, attack it in the rear, thereby saving the lives of thousands of our brave and noble soldiers.—Every man, with the most limited knowledge of generalship and the country and improvements around the rebel Capitol, must know that the reduction of Richmond, by besieging it in front, is impossible and can accomplish nothing for our cause.—Vicksburg was besieged in the rear, and if the present campaign is not ended by an open battle upon a fair field, it is imperative that Grant should hold all the railroads leading to the city.

This grand movement, if successfully executed, will completely cut Richmond off from every part of the rebel States, and Lee will find that one defeat to be ruin to their cause. Never before since the war began, has Richmond been cut off from the confederacy. By this movement, as far as now developed, Grant intercepts reinforcements and supplies and compels Lee to depend upon the resources of Richmond and Virginia alone. When the Army of the Potomac crossed the James river at City Point, the campaign of the immortal and glorious Gen. Butler ended.—The troops lately under his command are now practically under the direction of Gen. Grant, and one immense, combined army now act directly against Lee. Grant will probably soon be in Manchester, directly opposite Richmond on the South side of the James river and connected with it by a bridge, and the boldest and most brilliant experiment of the war will be begun. May its results be as glorious as may be desired by the most sanguine patriot in the North.

DESERVED PROMOTION.—We are pleased to learn that our young friend, Capt. Thomas Henry, of the 140th Reg. P. V., has been commissioned Major of that regiment, the commission to date from the battle of Gettysburg. Captain Henry has well earned this promotion. We do him but simple justice when we say that no more efficient officer, or braver man, can be found in the service. He first entered the ranks and served many months as a private in Ninth Penn'a Reserves, and has risen to his present position from worth. We congratulate him on his promotion, and predict that still greater honors await him.

Return of Vallandigham.

Vallandigham, the "martyr," who has been residing in Canada for a year past, having escaped from the South, where he had been sent, by sentence of Court Martial, very unexpectedly returned to Ohio last week. Since his return he has made seven speeches, and is more abusive and vindictive in his utterance than ever. He has even dared the Administration to re-arrest him, and threatens civil war as the result of his arrest. We have no doubt that he has returned at this particular time, hoping and expecting the Government to arrest him, and in that event his party, in the excitement of the moment, will nominate him for Vice President at Chicago. It was in this way he secured the nomination for Governor of Ohio a year ago. If, coming back in this manner, he has openly defied the Government, and it remains to be seen what will be done. We have no doubt his friends are pledged to stand by him; that they are organized and prepared for riot, and probably civil war.

We hope the Government will await the nominations at Chicago before taking any steps. It will be a great disappointment to Vallandigham and his friends, and we do not desire to see the Government contributing, even in this way, to give him prominence.—That he will eventually be re-arrested we have no doubt. Should the Government fail to do so, it will be a virtual backing down, a concession to treason. Traitors would hereafter have no fear and treason would run riot. If civil war and bloodshed is to follow his re-arrest, let it come; better now than hereafter. We are prepared, and have no fears of the issue. Traitors must be punished, treason go down, and the power of the Government be vindicated, no matter what the cost, the sacrifice, or the result.

Presentment of Grand Jury.

The Grand Inquest of the County, now in session, take this opportunity of mentioning the much needed and comfortable improvements, that have been made by the Commissioners, on the Court room, in adding so much to the beauty and elegance of the building, the Commissioners secure the thanks of the citizens. Improvements, we think, should be added to the exterior to correspond with the interior and beautify the county building.

We have visited the County Jail, and desire to bear our willing and public testimony to the fidelity with which Sheriff Ledlie performs his duties, and to the good condition in which all the arrangements of the Jail are found. Energetic and prompt in the discharge of duty which is needed in a public officer.

To J. S. Rutan we tender our thanks for the prompt and efficient manner in which he, as State's Attorney for the Commonwealth, has managed all business brought under his notice, using every effort to make the labors of the Grand Jury as short as possible.

James Fife,	W. R. Trimble,
George Powers,	J. J. Foster,
Thos N. M'Kee,	Wm. Tolten,
John R. M'Cune,	John Caughey,
John Boswell,	George N. Baker,
N P. Kerr,	John Culberson,
James Todd,	Robert Crilley,
Henry Bright,	Dan'l N. Baker,
	John Besson,

Beaver, June 8th, 1864.

Department of Common Schools,
HARRISBURG, June 15, 1864

To the School Directors of Beaver Co:

Gentlemen—Application having been made by the Boards of Directors of a majority of the School Districts in said county, stating their desire to increase the salary of the County Superintendent thereof, you are respectfully requested to meet in Convention, at the Court House, in Beaver, on *Friday, the 15th day of July*, 1864, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose above stated, according to the terms of the 8th section of the supplement of the School law, approved the 8th of May, 1855. C. R. COBURN,
Supt. of Common Schools.

JUST WHERE THEY WANT HIM.—When Grant was in the rear of Vicksburg the rebels were jubilant. With Johnson in his rear and Pemberton in front, they had got him just where they wanted him. After the same manner, the Richmond papers are jubilant now, because Lee has got Grant just where he wants him.—This it somewhat difficult to understand, seeing that Grant is just where he has been trying to get and where Lee has been doing his utmost to prevent him from getting. Nevertheless, the rebels are certain they have got Grant just where they want him; no more so, however, than they were when has bosieging Vicksburg with Johnson in his rear, Grant was then just where he wanted to be; and we do not much doubt he is well pleased with the position he now occupies.—*Pitts. Commercial.*

☞ The New York Evening *Post* explains the popular demand for Mr. Lincoln's re-election as follows:

"In the first place, he is popular with the 'plain people,' who believe him honest, with the rich people, who believe him safe, with the soldiers, who believe him their friend, and with the religious people, who believe him to have been specially raised up for this crisis; and, in the second place, because many of the thieving and corrupt scoundrels of the political mews, who know the fact of his popularity, have eagerly attached themselves to the car of his success."

Mr. Lincoln's Acceptance.

On the 8th inst, the committee appointed by the National Convention visited the President to notify him of his nomination.

Gov. Denison, President of the Convention and Chairman of said Committee, addressed the President, as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT—The National Union Convention which closed its sittings at Baltimore yesterday, appointed a Committee consisting of one from each state, with myself as Chairman, to inform you of your unanimous nomination by that Convention for election to the office of President of United States. That Committee I have the honor of now informing you, is present. On its behalf I have also the honor of presenting you with a copy of the resolutions or platform adopted by that Convention, as expressive of its sense, and of the sense of the loyal people of the country, which it represents, of the principles and policy that should characterize the administration of the Government in the present condition of the country. I need not say to you sir, that convention, in thus unanimously nominating you for re-election, but gave utterance to the almost universal voice of the loyal people of the country. To doubt of your triumphant election, would be little short of abandoning the hope of a final suppression of the Rebellion and the restoration of the Government over the insurgent States. Neither the Convention nor those represented by that body entertained any doubt as to the final result, under your administration, sustained by that loyal people, and by our noble Army and gallant Navy. Neither did the Convention, nor do this Committee doubt the speedy suppression of this most wicked and unprovoked Rebellion. (A copy of the resolutions was here handed to the President.) I would add, Mr. President, that it would be the pleasure of the Committee, to communicate to you, within a few days, through one of its most accomplished members, Mr. Curtis of New York, by letter, more at length the circumstances under which you have been, placed in nomination for the Presidency.

The President said—

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE:—I will neither conceal my gratification nor restrain the expression of my gratitude that the Union people, through their convention, in the continued effort to save and advance the nation, have deemed me not unworthy to remain in my present position. I know no reason to doubt that I shall accept the nomination tendered, and yet, perhaps, I should not declare definitely before reading and considering what is called the platform. I will say now however, that I approve the declaration in favor amending the Constitution as to prohibit Slavery throughout the nation, and I plan the people in renotice that they could within those days resume their allegiance without the overthrow of their institutions, and that they could not resume it afterward, elected to stand out, such an amendment of the Constitution as is now proposed became a fitting and necessary conclusion to the final success of the Union cause. Such alone can meet and cover all cavils. I now perceive its importance, and embrace it. In the joint names of Liberty and Union let us labor to give legal, formal and practical effect.

At the conclusion of the President's speech, the Committee offered their personal congratulation.

☞ Andrew Johnson is an orator as well a sa patriot. What heart has not been stirred with the noble words ads dressed to brave Tennesseans. They breathe the spirit of the man:

My countrymen! my heart yearns toward you; I love you; am one of you. I have climbed yonder mountains rock-ribbed and glowing in the sunshine, in whose gorges, in whose caverns, your sons, hunted like wild beasts, have fallen to rise no more.—I do not speak of these things to draw your tears. It is not time for tears, but blows. I speak of them that I may fire your hearts with holy indignation, and nerve your arm for unconquerable fight. And I speak of them because the mountains seem to talk to me. My home is among the mountains, and though it is not far away I cannot go to it. It is the place where I met her, and loved her, who is the mother of my children. Do I not love the mountains, then? And if liberty is to expire, if freedom is to be destroyed, if my country, in all its length and breadth, is to tremble under the oppressor's tread, let the flag, the dear old flag, be planted on yon rocky heights, and upon it let there be this inscription: "Here is the end of all that is dear to the heart and sacred to the memory of man."

☞ Gen. Scott attained on Monday last his 78th year. He has nearly completed the Memoirs of his Life, and has given some of the "copy" out for publication, contracting that the entire book must be ready for issue early in July. The General continues to take his usual daily drives, and advanced in years as he is, appears as erect and soldierly as when he led his triumphant troops to the gates of Mexico.

☞ Gen. Foster reports that he has been informed by the rebel General Jones, at Charleston, that five of our general officers in the hands of the enemy are kept under our fire as a retaliatory measure. Gen. Foster having asked permission to place a like number of rebel officers, of the same rank, under rebel fire, it is understood that Secretary Stanton has granted the request.

FROM THE ARMY

WASHINGTON, June 19.

Despatches from the army down to June 17, have been received. Smith's corps having landed at Point of Rocks, on the Appomattox, on Tuesday night, and advanced on Petersburg, and next morning drove the enemy to within three miles of the city, where they were confronted by strong works, which were carried by a *coup de main*. A force of infantry was thrown into a ravine from which point they had the rebel gunners in range, whom they soon drove away. A charge was instantly ordered and the works were taken, with 16 guns and 800 prisoners. The possession of this position gave our cannon command of the city of Petersburg, into which place they were able to throw shells. Our loss was 200, of which forty were colored. The enemy were 5000 strong, and their position formidable to an attack by 30,000 men. The surprise was complete. Reinforcements reached the line afterwards, but too late. At six in the evening of the same day, June, 16, an attack on the second line, to which the enemy had fallen, was ordered. The 18th corps (Smith's) was west of the railroad on the right on Cole's point road. Burnside was on the left and the 2d corps on the center. Burnside reached the Peirce George road after an engagement of an hour's duration.

Gen Birney is in command of the 2d corps, Hancock being chief in command in Meade's absence at City Point. We gained the works in the front and held them all night.

At daylight our lines advanced and the fight was resumed.

The greatest credit is given on all hands to Gen Hinckle's brigade of colored troops for their gallantry in carrying the first line of works. These works were under the command of Gen. Wise. Otherwise their captures would have been more difficult.

BERMUDA HUNDRED, June 18th,
VIA BALTIMORE, June 20th

In all twenty-one pieces of artillery have been captured from the enemy in our assaults on the works at Petersburg, beside a large number of prisoners. When the enemy withdrew his forces in front of General Butler to reinforce Petersburg, General Butler immediately sent out a force under Generals Terry and Turner, which succeeded in destroying important bridge and four miles of railroad track near Walthall Junction. Early's, late Longstreet's corps, crossed the James River near Drury's Bluff in strong force, and was seen coming down the Petersburg turnpike as Gen. Butler's forces entered their works. The James river is blockaded a few miles below Drury's Bluff to prevent a surprise from the rebel rams.

HEADQ'RS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 18th, 1864.

General Pierce was wounded while gallantly leading his brigade in a right attacked the enemy and succeeded in advancing his line and taking a few prisoners. His loss is reported at about 500. The 5th Corps did not lose heavily in their advance in the morning, but their loss was considerable in the afternoon in their attack on the left. Our losses during the past two days will reach 8,000 killed and wounded. The loss of the enemy at some points was greater than ours, but being generally behind their entrenchments were not so much exposed, and of course they suffered less, on the whole. All the prisoners taken so far, some 1,200, of whom about 200 came in yesterday, represent themselves as being in Beauregard's army. It is not believed that such a resistance could be made without his presence and the aid of his troops.

NEW YORK, June 21.—A *Herald* special says: Gen. Hancock's old wound has been so troublesome that he was obliged to ask to be relieved. The request was granted, and Gen. Birney has command of his corps. Gen. Hancock did not command in Saturday's fight. He expects to be in the field again in a few weeks.

It is said there are 30,000 rebel troops in Petersburg, and they continually being reinforced. The attack at 4 a. m. on Saturday by the 2d Corps, met but little opposition.—Our troops in passing over the formidable works occupied by the enemy the day previous, captured fifty or sixty prisoners. The casualties on both sides were few. We moved on and developed another line of works about five hundred yards beyond.—Here the rebels made a stubborn resistance.

At noon a general advance of the Second corps was ordered. The assaulting force consisted of three brigades The lines rushed forward gallantly, but could not withstand the deadly fire of musketry, grape and cannister, though they got within seventy five yards of the earthworks, and they then fell back, leaving their dead and wounded.

Another attack was ordered at another point. The storming party consisted of several brigades in columns of regiments about four o'clock in the afternoon in two columns.—They were met with such a murderous fire and cut down so rapidly that they were withdrawn.

NEW YORK, June 21.—A *Tribune* special, dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Sunday, June 19, a. m., says: The fourth day of battle before Petersburg ended last night. If it shall open again to day, it will be by the siege of Petersburg—briefer, perhaps, than by battle.

We attacked three times yesterday—at 4 a. m., at noon, and at 4 p. m.—Gen. Warren joined on the left, and swinging around, with skirmishing in front, half a mile, at each advance, taking one line of works, and pressing up to another and the last. Gens. Hancock and Burnside, in the centre, found most opposition. The former gained half a mile, the latter none.

Our loss in the last assault was particularly severe in Barlow's and Gibbon's divisions, and in the Second division of Burnside's Corps, Mills' division of the Sixth Corps, and Martindale's division of the Eighteenth Corps, which swept up the river to within half a mile of the town. One more line and we have the town, which we now semi-circumvallate to its last defense.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A *Times* special, dated near Petersburg, 19th, says:—The country may look for demonstrations shortly which will greatly change the aspect of affairs at this point. As preliminary of other events perhaps of greater importance, the bombardment of the city of Petersburg it set down for the grand opening step in the ensuing (this) week's work. Grant has his artillery in excellent positon at a range of from twelve hundred to fourteen hundred yards off the heart of the city, and at day-light to-morrow the shelling will commence, provided the place is not previously surrender by evacuation or negotiation, the former of which only is likely to occur.

A demand for the surrender of Petersburg has been made and refused, and our artillery is shelling the place, which has been nearly deserted by the inhabitants.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A *Herald* correspondent with Hunter, writing on the 14th, says:—The line of railroad between Charlottesville and Lynchburg is destroyed most effectually for two miles, thus cutting in two the rebel forces in two places.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 75
Dried Apples per	bushel		1 75
do Peaches "	"		3 50
Wheat "	"		1 40
Corn "	"		1 20
Rye "	"		1 00
Oats "	"		75
Barley "	"		
Clover Seed, "	"		8 00
Timothy Seed, "	"		3 00
Flax Seed, "	"		3 00
Beans, "	"		2 75
Potatoes, "	"		80
Onions, "	"		1 00
Corn Meal, "	"		1 25
Eggs, "	dozen		15
Butter, "	lb		20
Hams, "	"		18
Shoulders, "	"		15
Sides, "	"		16
Tallow, "	"		10
Lard, "	"		16
Candles, "	"		16
Soap, "	"		10
Molasses, "	Gallon		1 00
Garbon Oil, "	"		70

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver, before the Hon. Judges of said Court. In the matter of exceptions to the accounts of Joseph Brittain, guardian of Josiah H. Brittain and Ann Elizabeth Brittain, minor children of John Brittain, dec'd. And now, June 20th, 1864, the court appoint M. B. Welsh, Esq., an Auditor to take testimony and report the facts on the exceptions filed. [A true Extract.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday, the 11th day of July, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time parties interested will attend, if they think proper. M. B. WELSH,
je22'64 Auditor.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOHN GORDON, dec'd., late of Rochester twp, Beaver co, Pa, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

AMANDA GORDON, Executrix,
je22, '64 Rochester.

New Marble Works!

D. Irons,

MARKET ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE Subscriber announces to the public, that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble

Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner. D. IRONS.

Market st, 1 door north T. Allison's store.
june15'64

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN REED, late of Industry township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio tp.,
je1'64—6w. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatia N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
je15'64 New Brighton.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of ANDREW LOWRY, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, Penn'a., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

B. D. MARKER, Adm'r.,
je16,'64 New Brighton.

Dividend No. 12.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 3, 1864.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand. EDWARD HOOPS,
may17,'64 Cashier

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.
Commencing, Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:50 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" "	3:50 P. M.
6:54 P. M.	" "	8:06 P. M.

GOING WEST—
Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
8:50 P. M.	" "	5:20 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	Rochester,	2:20 P. M.
1:00 A. M.	"	2:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*
PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

Leaves Rochester		Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:38 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
New Castle "	3:05 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:10 P. M.	3:20 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Leaves Pitts.		Arr. at Rochester
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	12:00 M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:35 P. M.
3d " "	4:30 P. M.	6:35 P. M.
4th " "	5:50 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	6:30 A. M.	8:05 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

WM. P. SHINN, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, May 4th, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$63,270 46
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 5-20 6-per cent. coupon bonds	95,150 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes	4,850 00
U. S. 5 per cent. legal tender	200 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958 35
Due from other banks	26,917 37
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	25,361 87
Coin in vault	5,164 35
Protest account	1 41
	$242,774 61

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,400 00
Notes in circulation	920 00
Due depositors	117,091 77
Due the Commonwealth	1,888 42
Contingent funds	2,302 85
Dividends unpaid	5,170 59
	$242,774 62

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 4th day of May, A. D. 1864.

T. M. McCOMB, Notary Public.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., May 31, 1864

Birks John	M'Cabe Mrs Sam
Christy John S	M'Bride A D
Cunningham E	Neill Thos
Cumming J	Parkinson Wm
Crawford Wm H 2	Patten D
Crawford Liza	Ransen Tim I
Graham Thomas	Smith Wm
Hoops Mary	Shane Emily
Higby Maggie E	Smith Susan
Hoffman Jas	Thompson Wm 2
Inman Nelson	Walbert George
Johnston R H	Wetter C
Johns L E	Wortman Annie

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J ANDERSON, P. M.
Office Hours, from 7 a. m. to 6½ p. m.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., June 1st, 1864:

Bolen Benj F	Mellon Jackson
Boyle Wm	Mayer Rebecca
Brown Marg't J	Miller Mrs George
Burgy Christian, 2	Mitchell David
Deitz John	Powell Sarah J
Ferguson J G	Rhodes John
Hubbard Minnie	Stafford Jos D
Hookor H E & co	Smith Miss Ellen
Hartman Andrew	Smith Miss Sophia
Hamilton Pearson	Stewart R N, 2
Johnson A A, 2	Scott John F
Jungert George	Wintersgill John
Marquis George A	Wheeler Henry, 2
Marthens Miss C L	

☞ Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.

T. M. TAYLOR, P.M

VALUABLE FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT of first rate land, situate in Chippewa tp., Beaver county, about 5 miles west of New Brighton, on the P. Ft W. & C. R. R., containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, is offered for sale on favorable terms. About seventy acres of this land are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered, and all under fence. There are on the premises a stone dwelling house, a large stone spring house, (the upper story of which is now used as a dwelling,) and hewed log barn. There is a vein of excellent coal underlying a large portion of the tract, within opening near the railroad.

☞ For further information inquire of JAMES FIFE, Esq., Brighton, Pa., N. P. FETTERMAN, Esq., Pittsburg, or M. WETAND, Prothonotary's office, Beaver, Pa. jes,'64-tf

Pro. Mar. Office, 24th Dist. Pa.,
NEW BRIGHTON, June 2d, 1864.

CIRCULAR No. 56.

NO claims for credits will be received at the office of A. A. Pro. Mar. General's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., unless forwarded by the claimants through the District Provost Marshal, accompanied by the necessary evidence. All claimants, therefore, are hereby directed to compile the facts of each case and report at this office. The claims will be forwarded by mail to Headquarters at Harrisburg, as no preference will be given to claims presented by the claimants in person.

By order of A. A. P. M. General.
JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Capt. & Pro. Marshal, 24th Dist., Pa

ICE CREAM SALOON In Bridgewater.

THE subscriber has fixed up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

Cakes and Confectionaries

of all kinds, constantly kept on hand. ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—4t FREDERICK WALZ

A. Bestwick.

BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS
New Brighton, Pa.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware.

And the most approved patterns of *Pittsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves.*

[mar23'64.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

ALL loyal men who are in favor of sustaining the National Administration and the suppression of rebellion, are requested to meet at their usual places of holding election, on Saturday, June 25th, at five P. M. in the Townships and seven P. M. in the Boroughs, to elect delegates to the County Convention to be held in the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday, June 27th, to nominate candidates for the following offices, to-wit: President Judge of the 17th Judicial District, Member of Congress, Assembly, Prothontary, Commissioner, Poor House Director, Auditor and three Trustees of Academy. The following resolution was passed by the County Committee at their last meeting:

Resolved, That the County Convention at 1 P. M. instead of 11 A. M. as heretofore, and that the Chairman of the County Committee be instructed to call the Convention to order and preside until the Convention is permantly organized."

D. L. IMBRIE, Ch'n.

R. W. KERR, } Sects.
T. M'M'CORD, }

The several Townships and boroughs are entitled to Delegates as follows:

Bearer	4	Industry	3
Big Beaver	2	Independence	2
Brighton	4	Marion	2
Big Beaver	3	Moon	4
Brighton	4	New Brighton	4
Chippewa	4	New Sewickly	4
Darlington	4	North Sewickly	3
Economy	3	Ohio	4
Fallston	2	Patterson	2
Franklin	3	Phillipsburg	2
Freedom boro	2	Pulaski	2
Freedom twp	2	Rochester boro	4
Greene	4	Rochester tp	2
M'Guire	4	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	4	South Beaver	4

CANDIDATES will bear in mind, that an announcement to insure insertion, must be accompanied with the money. Congress, $5; Assembly and Prothonotary, $3; Commissioner, $2; Auditor, $2.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Convention.

Congress.
THOS CUNNINGHAM, Beaver.

President Judge.
L. L. M'GUFFIN, Lawrence co

Assembly.
M. S. QUAY, Beaver.
SAML. G. CAMPBELL, South Beaver.
J. J. CHANDLER, Rochester

Prothonotary.
MICHAEL WEYAND, Beaver.

County Commissioner.
JOHN R. MOHLER, Moon.
JAMES M'ALLISTER, Hopewell,
JOHN CHRISTY, Raccoon,
JOSEPH A. FLEMING, Hopewell,
JOSEPH BROWN, Hopewell.
GEORGE NOSS, Ohio tp.

Poor House Director.
CHRISTIAN BLACK, New Sewickly.
SAML. M'MANAHY, Economy tp.

Auditor.
JOHN SHANNON, Hopewell tp
JAMES WHITHAM, Hanover.

Trustees of Academy.
D. L. IMBRSEY, Beaver,
J. P. MOORE, Beaver,
D. P. LOWRY, Beaver,
JOHN MCKENZIE, Boro' tp.
J. CARLSON, Beaver,
N. M'CONNAUGHEY, Brighton tp.

Gen. Grant's Promptness

Gen. Wm. S. Hillyer, formerly Gen. Grant's Chief of Staff, was recently entertained by a serenade from Seventh regiment band, at his residence in New York. In a speech thanks to his friends, who assembled to see him in the warmest terms of Grant's ability and firmness, and expressed his confidence of the final and speedy success of our armies in Virginia. Among other incidents which he related of the General was the following:

Immediately on the receipt of three years ago in August, when Gen. Grant was in command of the district of Cairo, News was brought to him that the rebels had seized Paducah, and were moving on Columbus. He telegraphed to General Fremont, who was then in Missouri, asking permission to go and take Paducah. It was then three o'clock in the afternoon. Before an hour passed and no reply came from St. Louis.—Seven o'clock came, and the officer announced the troops had embarked and the gunboats were ready; still no answer. The operator at St Louis was questioned about the telegram, and he replied that the dispatch had been placed in Gen. Fremont's hands; and, moreover, he had telegraphed to Washington to know whether or not it would be the policy to invade the "sacred soil" of Kentucky, and gentlemen who should have been the heroes of the war were playing the part of waiting gentlemen. Midnight came, and still no answer, when Gen. Grant, turning to me, said: "Come on, I will take Paducah if it costs me my commission." (Cheers.) And the morning sun shone on federal bayonets marching through the streets of Paducah. This act not only saved the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers, but paved the way for those expeditions which ended in the capture of Forts Henry and Donelson. We started back to Cairo, and there we received instructions to "take Paducah, if you are strong enough." This is a matter of the military history of this war, and shows you the great character of General Grant.

☞ The Richmond *Dispatch* of the 6th gravely announces that, on Gen'l Grant hearing that the Baltimore Convention had nominated Mr. Lincoln, he turned his army away from Richmond towards Washington, and retreated; that he at once took to hard drinking, and had to be hauled along in an ambulance. The very next gale that blew from the southward after this was announced, carried the clash of resounding arms to their ears, and the intelligence that the hero of Vicksburg was advancing from the south side of the James river with his army massed.

☞ The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have declared a semi annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock of National and State loans.

Copperhead Abuse.

The rebel sympathizing spirit which has characterized the columns of the New York *World* for eighteen months past utterly precluded the expectation that it would receive the Baltimore nominations otherwise than disapprovingly. Hence the following rant will be deemed an appropriate expression from an editor (like Marble of the *World*,) who would doubtless rejoice if Gen. Grant should fail to capture Richmond and all the efforts making to suppress the rebellion prove futile.

"The only merit we can discover in this Baltimore ticket is the merit of *consistency*; it is all of a piece; the tail does not shame the head, nor the head shame the tail. *A rail splitting buffoon and a boorish tailor, both from the backwoods, both growing up in uncouth ignorance*, they would afford a grotesque subject for a satiric poet, &c."

We remember reading in this same New York *World*, during the summer of 1861, articles highly laudatory of the above referred to "rail-splitting buffoon." Mr. Marble was then one of the editors. It was made his interest to turn round and advocate the policy of the Copperhead party, and he seems to be doing it in a style peculiar to all converts from a good to a bad cause.—*Erie Gazette.*

☞ The Peace Democrats are holding caucuses and committee meetings in New York, on "business of importance." Part of the business, the gossips say, will be to complete the arrangements for a great "Peace" demonstration in Union Square, on the 4th of July, and another part will be to address a formal invitation to the martyr Vallandigham to attend and "speak a peace," as Artemus Ward has it, on the occasion. Fernando Wood is expected in town, to have a hand in the caucus, and it is probable brother Ben will be there too. Both of these demagogues are candidates for re-election, and this Astor House "peace machine" is but an instrument in their hands to enable them to encompass that result.

MEANER THAN THIEVING.—The New York *World*, the treasonable Copperhead sheet that published the forged Proclamation, republishes the remarks of the *Tribune* and *Times* on the nomination of Fremont in 1856, as if they were commenting on the late nomination at Cleveland. It is a most rascally trick, a hundred times more infamous than forgery. A paper that would do the like of this would forge a proclamation as well as print it.—Many of its dupes suck the bate and are trying to palm it off as gospel on Union men.

☞ General Edward Johnson was captured by Frank Totman, of the 17th Maine. He took the rebel by the collar and told him he was his prisoner, when Johnson replied that he should not surrender to any one but the commander of the force. His captor replied: Don't know anything about that; you can't get away from me." and he marched him off to Gen. Hancock.

TWO STRANGE POLITICAL PHENOMENA.—Those who clamored loudest against June, as being too *early* to nominate a Presidential Candidate met and nominated one in May.

Wendell Phillips, Fred. Douglass and the pro-slavery Copperheads making common cause and rejoicing together over the nomination of a Republican. This is practical miscegenation.

Gov. CURTIN.—Gov. Curtin has gone to Washington it is said, for the purpose of urging upon the Senate the passage of the bill which has already passed the House, repaying to the State the $700,000 advance to the United States for the payment of the troops called out in 1863.

DIED:

On the 21st instant, JOHN IMBRIE, of Big Beaver township, aged about 71 years.

Dr. D. M'Kinney.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of
BEAVER AND VICINITY.
OFFICE IN
The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.
dec16]

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in
Freedom, Beaver County,
offers his professional services to the public.
☞ Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of
BEAVER AND VICINITY
and solicits a share of public patronage.
OFFICE IN
Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.
dec16,'63

T. J. CHANDLER.

SURGEON DENTIST,
IS at his post again, at BEAVER STATION. Rochester Pa., where he will attend to all its various branches of his profession. He applies all the improved methods to prevent pain in extracting teeth.
P. S. Work warranted. [jan13'64

DR. GEO. CLEIS.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.
His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present, where he can be consulted at any time, Wednesdays excepted, which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.
Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing—all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec28:4t

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PA.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United State notes or National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the 1st days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accured interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or received them drawing interest form the date of subscription and deposit.—As these Bonds are
EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION, their value is increased form one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax leivies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay
OVER EIGHT PER CENT INTEREST
in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payments while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sum from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 1st day of March 1864, was $768,965,-100. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal years will be $45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th 1864, has been so far at the rate of over 100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United State Treasury until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Pittsburgh,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh,
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS
which are depositaries of Public money, and all
RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agent of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application and
Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.
may11'64—inside 3 m.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

This combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills
was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills
are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.
B. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
jan14'63:1y 20 Cedar St., New York.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,
54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE
SPRING OF 1863,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
mar. 25,'63

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an
ICE CREAM SALOON,
in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.
may26,'65 FRED'K. WALTERS.

Third Arrival of Spring Goods,

Information for every body free of charge.

Just Opened
at Fortune's New Store
IN ROCHESTER, PA.

2 cases best Make fast color calico at	18¼
1 case ¾ fine bleached muslin at	15

LAWNS,
CHALLIS,
VELOURS,
SHEPARD'S PLAIDS,
DELAINES,
And a full line of Plain Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods.
Cheaper than ever.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!
Lasting Congress Gaiters,
" Balmoral "
Morocco " Boots
And a large assortment of children's shoes, very cheap.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RUCHES and RIBBONS in GREAT VARIETY.
Men and boys' Hats and Caps. Sun Umbrellas.
Silk, Cotton or French Gingham
And a large assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS opening WEEKLY.
Give us a call before buying and examine our stock and prices.
All goods Warranted to give satisfaction.
Remember the Place
FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,
In The Diamond
OF
ROCHESTER, PA.

ORDINANCE.

BE it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Hookstown, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the 15th day of June, 1864, all teamsters hauling coal to citizens living in said borough of Hookstown, Pa., shall be required to have their coal-wagons measured and branded correctly, indicating the number of bushels such conveyance will hold, and the amount hauled to the said citizens in said borough. Any person failing or refusing to comply with said requirement shall pay a fine of $10.00 for each and every such offence; said fine and forfeiture to be levied and collected the same as any other dues or fines in said borough. Approved May 28, '64.
Attest: JNO. A. SNOWDEN,
S. W. MILLER, Cl'k. Burgess.

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his residence on Third Street a House and Lot. The improvements are a Brick House 50 feet front by 36 feet deep containing 10 rooms and Store Room, Cistern, Wash House, Stable, Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., &c.

Also, Sixty acres first rate land, 4 miles below Beaver, unimproved, standing with excellent White Oak Timber, one mile from the Ohio river.

Also, a lot containing 12 acres, one mile from Beaver, enclosed with a board fence suitable for a Gardnerer or Nuseryman. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber. Titles indisputable.
May 24, '64. ROB'T. M'CREERY.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOANAH DUNGAN, dec'd, late of Frankfort Springs, Beaver co., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES MORRISON,
may25'64—6w. Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of ROBERT BROWN, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
EDMUND BROWN, Executor,
je8,64 Economy tp.

BRIDGE LETTING.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the County Commissioners, at their office in Beaver, on Saturday, the 18th of June, inst, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 3 p. m., to re-build the superstruction of the Bridge over the Connoquenessing creek, at or near Alex. Fombell's, in Marion township. A plan and specification of the work will be exhibited.
By order: RICH'D H. AGNEW,
je7'64. Clerk.

DRY GOODS

FOR THE
MILLION,
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
E. R. GARDNER & CO.,
92 Market St.,
Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the
Dry Goods Business,
at our old stand. Our entire attention will be devoted to the increase of our business, in which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

NEW SPRING SILKS.

Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including reps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

DRESS GOODS.

Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
AND
LACE GOODS.

We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Linens, sheeting and pillow linens, toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Irish linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,

of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of oassert.

MOURNING GOODS.

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP
KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found
New, Desirable and Cheap.

GARDNER & SCHLEITER,
92
Market Street.
Pittsburgh.
BETWEEN FIFTH STREET AND DIAMOND.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution, of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulation as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as section eight and nine, as follows.

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Office Secretary of Commonwealth,
HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER,
SEAL
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.
JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

JONES'
DYEING & SCOURING
ESTABLISHMENT.
39 OHIO STREET,
(West of Federal,)
ALLEGHENY, PENN'A.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment have been engaged for a number of years in the most extensive establishments in this country, in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, where all the improved appliances and apparatus are employed. Being also in possession of the very latest discoveries and methods of European Dyers, they dye and finish Ladies' Silk, Satin and Merino Dresses in a superior style. In many cases, these articles are made in color and finish, very nearly equal in appearance to new Goods.

☞ *All Goods returned in two weeks.*

KOLLOCK'S
Dandeion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 16 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

Pension, Bounty & Back Pay Agency.

ARTHURS & RIDDELL.
No. 135 FOURTH ST.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL attention given to the collection of the BOUNTY OF $100, due to WOUNDED SOLDIERS who have served LESS THAN TWO YEARS, which is now being paid.

☞ All communications addressed as above romptly answered by return of Post. je8,'64

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
CARBON OIL,
ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER. Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable! The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain upon the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, with our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
347 Brodway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent.
May 11, '64. Borough township.

☞ G. R. TODD is Agent for Universal Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hopewell.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person, contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not be about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertize in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

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☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

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THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Rose and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

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May7—3mos.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

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A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy, Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,
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FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence this week. Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.
je17,'63 EPH'M. SMITH.

JAMES S. RETAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)
BEAVER, PENN'A.
☞ Office in the Court House.

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No. 2m KANAGA, FOWLER & Co.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found by be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

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Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
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The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
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The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

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LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
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Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,
THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS
FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,
COMPRISING THE
New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful
BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,
Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1.00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9, '63. I. N. ATKINS.

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SELECT SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, Sept. 28th.

Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,

Taught on the most favorable terms.

Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

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OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATTY AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's Office,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [dc16

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

Estate of Jas. Carothers, dec'd.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JAMES CARTHERS, late of Greene twp., Beaver county, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immdiate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBT. WHITEHILL, Executor,
apr13'64 Hanover tp.

JAMES S. RUTAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)
BEAVER, PENN'A.
☞ Office in the Court House.

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aug1:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class of* patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to more than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

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THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time a DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

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Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$38 00
Tuition varies from $3.50 to $8.00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

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mar26:1y.

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THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly,* by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
jan14'63:1y 20 Cedar St., New York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
104 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

NEW GROCERY

AND

PRODUCE STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a GROCERY & PRODUCE STORE in the room formerly occupied by Stokes & Tallon, and directly opposite the *Argus* office, where we will keep constantly on hand and for sale a large assortment of Groceries, such as

COFFEE, RICE,
TEA, MOLASSES,
SUGAR, SYRUP,

Also, FLOUR, POTATOES, and all other articles usually kept in a Grocery store.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price
dec9 T. T. McKIBBIN

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSIAH TODD, dec'd., late of Industry twp, Beaver co, Pa. all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
mar 2, '64 Ohio tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN REED, late of Industry township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio tp.,
jel'64—6w. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatia N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
je15'64 New Brighton.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of ANDREW LOWRY, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, Penn'a., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

B. D. MARKER, Adm'r.,
je16,'64 New Brighton.

Dividend No. 12.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 3, 1864.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand. EDWARD HOOPS,
may11,'64 Cashier

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Rodford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mar26:1y.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
May 7.

600,000

MALE OR FEMALE AGNTS
TO SELL
Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States,
Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862: cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving every Railroad Station and distances between. Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

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Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport, Ferry, Rhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown. Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Estate of Harvey Gamble, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of HARVEY GAMBLE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BRITTAIN, Adm'r.,
feb10.64 Greene tp.

ADMINISRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of WM. SPALDING, late of Hopewell tp., Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. M. SPALDING,
Adm'r. with the will annexed,
je15'64 Hopewell tp.

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FOR THE

MILLION,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

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Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

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at our old stand. Our entire attention will be be devoted to the increase of our business, in which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

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Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including reps in all colors, plain and figured blacks; plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

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Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

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We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

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Linens, sheeting and pillow linens, toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Irish linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

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Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths, tweeds, sattinett, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds; the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

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of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

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Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of cassert

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CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP

KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found.

New, Desirable and Cheap.

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The Bugle Calls! The War has begun!
War of Extermination against Bad Breath, Disagreeable Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and

AND

curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, ... *bottle.*
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Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 99 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use in each package.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or in stamps.

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The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.
Tribune Buildings, New York

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

ARE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS GOOD? The best evidences that they are is, that the firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd,* an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading dentist of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend *them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising,* dealers *have sold them by the gross.*

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says, "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. We used it in preference *to the tooth we have previously used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains no acid, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. To them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons will testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth,* etc., etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to complexion, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They ought to be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the breath.

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sum you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth,* and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. It is not too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache,* apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they want them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing stamps for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; and to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidence, W. B. H. & Co., refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to G. W. Griffith, President Farmers' and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; to Jay, Cooke & Co., New York; to P. T. Barnum, Esq., New York, etc.